



Journal of Audiovisual Translation

STYLE GUIDE

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1. Introduction

All submission should follow JAT guidelines. Read the information below and then format your paper accordingly.

JAT style guide follows the rules of APA style guide (6th edition). Remember that APA is not only a [referencing style](#), it deals also with presentation of [tables](#), [figures](#), use of [italics](#), quotation marks etc. Use APA Manual 6th edition as reference or APA blog: <https://apastyle.apa.org/blog/>

If you have any doubts while editing your paper please consult the above mentioned sources or the APA style guide (6th edition).

2. Contribution Categories

JAT accepts contributions in different lengths and formats. All of them are peer reviewed.

a. Article

Full-length manuscript on research, theory, reviews of the literature, or practice-based activities.

Length: 5000 words (references excluded) – 8000 words (references included).

b. Practice report

Report on professional practice

Length: 2.500 – 3.000 words (references included).

3. Template contribution

Visit our website to download a template contribution:

<http://jatjournal.org/index.php/jat/about/submissions>

3.1. Preset styles

Please use the pre-set styles to format the submission. We prepared them for almost everything:

- First heading of the paper.
- All other headings.
- Paragraph.
- Block quotation.
- Table caption 1st line and 2nd line.
- Figure caption 1st line and 2nd line.
- Footnotes.
- References.

3.2. Examples

Display examples of subtitles, voice-over, dubbing, audio description, etc. following the structure suggested below and adapting it to your needs as we are unable to foresee all possible contexts. When referring to the examples in the body of the text, please use capital letters, i.e. "In Example 1 we can see..."

(1) *Title of the film* (00:00:00)

English subtitle:

A bishopric in a see of your own choice.

Swedish subtitle:

Ett kirkostift i valfritt hav.

Back translation:

A church pin in any sea.

(2) *Title of the film* (00:00:00)

Original segmentation:

I'm going to the fair
and I'm going to buy

a strawberry ice-cream!

Suggested segmentation:

I'm going to the fair

and I'm going to buy

a strawberry ice-cream!

(3) *Title of the film* (00:00:00)

English audio description:

Bebe café.

Translation:

She drinks coffee.

Polish audio description:

Upija tyk z filiżanki.

Translation:

She drinks from a cup.

3.3. Tables and Figures

Submit tables and figures in an editable format and according to APA style (see below). They should be left-aligned. When you refer to the Tables or Figures in the body of the article use capital letters, e.g.

Results of the experiment are presented in Table 1.

A graphical display of approximately normally distributed data is shown in Figure 3.

Table 1.

Put the Title of the Table Here

	Component 1	Component 2
Q7N	.795	
Q2N	.778	
Q1N	.775	
Q3N	.774	
Q9N	.769	
Q8N	.754	
Q5N	.745	
Q6N	.513	
Q10N		.894
Q4N		.814

Table 2.

Put the Title of the Table Here

Language combination	Genre	Description	Duration	Words per minute (wpm)
ES > EN	Narration	Wildlife documentary	2 mins 24 secs	73 wpm
ES > EN	Speech	Presidential speech	2 mins 24 secs	131 wpm
ES > EN	News	RTVE - Robot museum	1 min 58 secs	191 wpm
EN > ES	Narration	<i>Desperate Housewives</i> , opening scene	2 mins 33 secs	102 wpm
EN > ES	Speech	Presidential speech	2 mins 4 secs	101 wpm
EN > ES	News	BBC - <i>Can a robot do your job?</i>	2 mins 9 secs	173 wpm

4. References and quotations

We provide only some of the most relevant instructions. Please consult Table 2 on page XX for more information on what to do with sources with multiple or group/institutional authors, no author or no date.

4.1. Titles of TS Journal

For the sake of uniformity, please make sure that you use titles listed below when listing them in references. If you have any doubts about a title, please consult it here: <https://dbh.nsd.uib.no/publiseringskanaler/erihplus/search.action>

Journal of Audiovisual Translation
MonTI: Monografías de traducción e interpretación
Perspectives: Studies in Translatology
Perspectives: Studies in Translation Theory and Practice
Hermeneus: Revista de Traducción e Interpretación
Meta: Journal des Traducteurs
Target
The Journal of Specialised Translation
TRANS. Revista de Traductología
The Translator
Babel
Revista Tradumàtica

4.2. References

Do not cite complete bibliographical information in the text. Follow the author-date method of in-text citation. All sources that are cited in the text must appear in the reference list at the end of the paper.

- a. If you are referring to an idea from other work, making a reference to other work etc. but **NOT DIRECTLY** quoting the author make reference only to the author and year of publication and not the page number.

Example 1:
(Brown, 2001)

Example 2:
(World Health Organization, 2011)

- b. If you are paraphrasing information from other work but **NOT DIRECTLY** quoting the author you may make reference only to the author and year of publication and not the page number – for example (Brown, 2001). However APA also recommends you to include page or paragraph/line number to help locating the relevant passage.

Example 1:

(Brown, 2001) or (Brown, 2001, p. 34)

Example 2:

(World Health Organization, 2011) or (World Health Organization, 2011, p. 56)

- c. If you are referring to an author with several publications in the same year, differentiate them by including a letter to the year.

Example 1:

(Brown, 2001a, 2001b)

4.3. Citing short quotations (less than 40 words)

Incorporate short quotations into the running text. Do not cite complete bibliographical information in the text. Follow the author-date-page number method of in-text citation. All sources that are cited in the text must appear in the bibliography list at the end of the paper.

- a. If you are quoting **DIRECTLY** words from another work you need to make reference to the author and year of publication and the page number.

Example 1 – if the author is named in the text:

Wang (2017) stated that „popular foreign audiovisual products have attracted a large and growing audience in the People’s Republic of China” (p.165).

Example 2 – if the author is not named in the text:

One of the researchers emphasized that “popular foreign audiovisual products have attracted a large and growing audience in the People’s Republic of China” (Wang, 2017, p. 165).

- b. If you are referring to an author with several publications in the same year, differentiate them by including a letter to the year.

Example 1 – if the author is named in the text:

Wang (2017a) stated that “popular foreign audiovisual products have attracted a large and growing audience in the People’s Republic of China” (p.165).

Example 2 – if the author is not named in the text:

One of the researchers emphasized that “popular foreign audiovisual products have attracted a large and growing audience in the People’s Republic of China” (Wang, 2017b, p. 165).

4.4. Citing long quotations (more than 40 words)

Do not cite complete bibliographical information in the text. Follow the author-date-page number method. All sources that are cited in the text must appear in the bibliography list at the end of the paper.

Insert quotations longer than 40 words as a separate block of text in which all lines of the quotations are indented 1 cm from the left margin. Do not use quotation marks.

- a. Introduce the quotation with author's name, a complete sentence and a colon.

Wang (2017a) stated that:

Fansubbing in China involves a great number of people who have made significant efforts to produce subtitles for a considerable number of foreign audiovisual programmes in a wide variety of languages. Most of these people are working voluntarily outside the officially sanctioned distribution channels Chinese. (p. 185)

- b. Introduce the without mentioning author's name in the text, a complete sentence and a colon.

As we can read in one of the first articles on fansubbing in China:

Fansubbing in China involves a great number of people who have made significant efforts to produce subtitles for a considerable number of foreign audiovisual programmes in a wide variety of languages. Most of these people are working voluntarily outside the officially sanctioned distribution channels Chinese. (Wang, 2017a, p. 185)

4.5. Citing references within your paper - guide

Type of citation	1st time citing a reference, using parentheses format at the end of your sentence	2nd+ citation of a reference, using parentheses format at the end of your sentence	1st time citing a reference when authors are named in your sentence	2nd+ citation of the reference in another paragraph with authors named in your sentence ¹
One author	----- (Lee, 2007, p. 82).	same format as 1st time	Lee (2007) stated, “-----” (p. 82).	same format as 1st time
Two authors	----- (Smith & Jones, 2004, p. 93). <i>(use & between names)</i>	same format as 1st time	Smith and Jones (2004) found that “-----” (p. 93). <i>(use and between names)</i>	same format as 1st time
Three to five authors (All subsequent citations use et al.)	---- (Simpson, Stahl, & Francis, 2004, p. 10).	----- (Simpson et al., 2004, p. 18). <i>(uses et al. format)</i>	Simpson, Stahl, and Francis (2004) argued that ----- (p. 10).	As well, Simpson et al. (2004) found ---- (p. 18). <i>(uses et al. format)</i>
Six or more authors	----- (Kallai et al., 2011, p. 121).	same format as 1st time	Kallai et al. (2011) said that “-----” (p. 121).	same format as 1st time
Organizations, institutions, etc. as group author	----- (TransCanada, 2006, p. 11).	same format as 1st time	TransCanada (2006) reported that ----- (p. 11).	same format as 1st time
Group author, no page numbers (use web page headings and paragraph numbers)	----- (World Health Organization [WHO], 2010, Fostering Health Security, para. 1). <i>(Name of group author and its acronym are written)</i>	----- (WHO, 2010, Fostering Health Security, para. 8). <i>(World Health Organization is written as an acronym in subsequent citations)</i>	World Health Organization (WHO, 2010) found that ---- (Fostering Health Security, para. 1). <i>(Name of group author and its acronym are written)</i>	WHO (2010) reported on the problem, saying that ----- (Fostering Health Security, para. 8). <i>(World Health Organization is written as an acronym in subsequent citations)</i>
No author - article (use title of article in quotation marks in place of author’s last name)	----- (“Ancient Tool Makers Discovered Fire Treatment,” 2009, p. 6).	same format as 1st time	The article “Ancient Tool Discovered Fire Treatment” (2009) summarized ----- (p. 6).	As well, “Ancient Tool Makers Discovered Fire Treatment” (2009) included discussion of----- (p. 8).
No date available (use n.d.)	----- (Buzan, n.d., p. 23).	same format as 1st time	Buzan (n.d.) explained that ----- (p. 23).	same format as 1st time

Table 2 Citing references within your paper (Mount Royal University 2017)

¹ When authors are named in your sentence, and you use the reference again *in the same paragraph*, list authors, date, and page number the first time. List only the page number for the subsequent citations if it is clear to the reader that you are still citing the same source. If you write the authors’ names again as part of the sentence, omit the date. This does not apply if the names are in parentheses at the end of the sentence. However, when you use that reference *in a later paragraph*, include again the authors (with et al. if applicable), date, and page number.

5. References

You can prepare bibliography either manually or use tools that will generate it and adjust to APA style automatically. You can use the features or commercial reference management tools build into [Word](#) or use for example [Mendeley](#) or [Endnote](#). You can also use freeware citation generators such as for example [Cithethisforme](#) or [Citation Machine](#).

- Start the reference page on a separate page at the end of your contribution.
- Include only sources cited in your paper except for personal communication.
- Font size: 12 points, normal, 1.5 spacing, left aligned.
- First line of the reference flush left, subsequent lines 0.5 cm left indent.
- Organize the list in alphabetical order according to the first letter beginning each entry.
- Use initials for author's first/middle name.
- Break website URL before punctuation such as / or – but don't break http://

Below you will find reference examples from [OWL APA APA Formatting and Style Guide](#).

If you have any doubts while editing your paper please consult the above mentioned sources or the APA style guide (6th edition).

5.1. Books

Basic Format for Books

Author, A. A. (Year of publication). *Title of work: Capital letter also for subtitle*. Location: Publisher.

Note: For "Location," you should always list the city and the state using the two letter postal abbreviation without periods (New York, NY).

Calfee, R. C., & Valencia, R. R. (1991). *APA guide to preparing manuscripts for journal publication*. Washington, DC: American Psychological Association.

Edited Book, No Author

Duncan, G. J., & Brooks-Gunn, J. (Eds.). (1997). *Consequences of growing up poor*. New York, NY: Russell Sage Foundation.

Edited Book with an Author or Authors

Plath, S. (2000). *The unabridged journals*. K. V. Kukil (Ed.). New York, NY: Anchor.

A Translation

Laplace, P. S. (1951). *A philosophical essay on probabilities*. (F. W. Truscott & F. L. Emory, Trans.). New York, NY: Dover. (Original work published 1814)

Note: When you cite a republished work, like the one above, in your text, it should appear with both dates: Laplace (1814/1951).

Edition Other Than the First

Helfer, M. E., Kempe, R. S., & Krugman, R. D. (1997). *The battered child* (5th ed.). Chicago, IL: University of Chicago Press.

Article or Chapter in an Edited Book

Author, A. A., & Author, B. B. (Year of publication). Title of chapter. In A. A. Editor & B. B. Editor (Eds.), *Title of book* (pages of chapter). Location: Publisher.

Note: When you list the pages of the chapter or essay in parentheses after the book title, use "pp." before the numbers: (pp. 1-21). This abbreviation, however, does not appear before the page numbers in periodical references, except for newspapers.

O'Neil, J. M., & Egan, J. (1992). Men's and women's gender role journeys: A metaphor for healing, transition, and transformation. In B. R. Wainrib (Ed.), *Gender issues across the life cycle* (pp. 107-123). New York, NY: Springer.

Multivolume Work

Wiener, P. (Ed.). (1973). *Dictionary of the history of ideas* (Vols. 1-4). New York, NY: Scribner's.

5.2. Articles in periodicals

APA style dictates that authors are named last name followed by initials; publication year goes between parentheses, followed by a period. The title of the article is in sentence-case, meaning only the first word and proper nouns in the title are capitalized. The periodical title is run in title case, and is followed by the volume number which, with the title, is also italicized. If a DOI has been assigned to the article that you are using, you should include this after the page numbers for the article. If no DOI has been assigned and you are accessing the periodical online, use the URL of the website from which you are retrieving the periodical.

Article in Journal Paginated by Volume

Author, A. A., Author, B. B., & Author, C. C. (Year). Title of article. *Title of Periodical, volume number*(issue number), pages. <http://doi.org/xx.xxx/yyyy>

Article in Journal Paginated by Volume

Journals that are paginated by volume begin with page one in issue one, and continue numbering issue two where issue one ended, etc.

Harlow, H. F. (1983). Fundamentals for preparing psychology journal articles. *Journal of Comparative and Physiological Psychology, 55*, 893-896.

Article in Journal Paginated by Issue

Journals paginated by issue begin with page one every issue; therefore, the issue number gets indicated in parentheses after the volume. The parentheses and issue number are not italicized or underlined.

Scruton, R. (1996). The eclipse of listening. *The New Criterion, 15*(3), 5-13.

Article in a Magazine

Henry, W. A., III. (1990, April 9). Making the grade in today's schools. *Time, 135*, 28-31.

Article in a Newspaper

Unlike other periodicals, p. or pp. precedes page numbers for a newspaper reference in APA style. Single pages take p., e.g., p. B2; multiple pages take pp., e.g., pp. B2, B4 or pp. C1, C3-C4.

Schultz, S. (2005, December 28). Calls made to strengthen state energy policies. *The Country Today*, pp. 1A, 2A.

Letter to the Editor

Moller, G. (2002, August). Ripples versus rumbles [Letter to the editor]. *Scientific American*, 287(2), 12.

Review

Baumeister, R. F. (1993). Exposing the self-knowledge myth [Review of the book *The self-knower: A hero under control*, by R. A. Wicklund & M. Eckert]. *Contemporary Psychology*, 38, 466-467.

5.3. Other print sources

An Entry in an Encyclopedia

Bergmann, P. G. (1993). Relativity. In *The New Encyclopedia Britannica*. (Vol. 26, pp. 501-508). Chicago, IL: Encyclopedia Britannica.

Work Discussed in a Secondary Source

List the source the work was discussed in:

Coltheart, M., Curtis, B., Atkins, P., & Haller, M. (1993). Models of reading aloud: Dual-route and parallel-distributed-processing approaches. *Psychological Review*, *100*, 589-608.

NOTE: Give the secondary source in the references list; in the text, name the original work, and give a citation for the secondary source. For example, if Seidenberg and McClelland's work is cited in Coltheart et al. and you did not read the original work, list the Coltheart et al. reference in the References. In the text, use the following citation:

In Seidenberg and McClelland's study (as cited in Coltheart, Curtis, Atkins, & Haller, 1993), ...

Dissertation Abstract

Yoshida, Y. (2001). Essays in urban transportation. *Dissertation Abstracts International*, *62*, 7741A.

Dissertation, Published

Lastname, F. N. (Year). *Title of dissertation* (Doctoral dissertation). Retrieved from Name of database. (Accession or Order Number)

Dissertation, Unpublished

Lastname, F. N. (Year). *Title of dissertation* (Unpublished doctoral dissertation). Name of Institution, Location.

Government Document

National Institute of Mental Health. (1990). *Clinical training in serious mental illness* (DHHS Publication No. ADM 90-1679). Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office.

Report From a Private Organization

American Psychiatric Association. (2000). *Practice guidelines for the treatment of patients with eating disorders* (2nd ed.). Washington, DC: Author.

Conference Proceedings

Schnase, J. L., & Cunnus, E. L. (Eds.). (1995). Proceedings from CSCL '95: *The First International Conference on Computer Support for Collaborative Learning*. Mahwah, NJ: Erlbaum.

5.4. Electronic sources

Article From an Online Periodical

Online articles follow the same guidelines for printed articles. Include all information the online host makes available, including an issue number in parentheses.

Author, A. A., & Author, B. B. (Date of publication). Title of article. *Title of Online Periodical*, volume number (issue number if available). Retrieved from <http://www.someaddress.com/full/url/>

Bernstein, M. (2002). 10 tips on writing the living Web. *A List Apart: For People Who Make Websites*, 149. Retrieved from <http://www.alistapart.com/articles/writeliving>

Online Scholarly Journal Article: Citing DOIs

Please note: In August of 2011 the formatting recommendations for DOIs changed. DOIs are now rendered as an alpha-numeric string which acts as an active link. According to *The APA Style Guide to Electronic References, 6th edition*, you should use the DOI format which the article appears with. So, if it is using the older numeric string, use that as the DOI. If, however, it is presented as the newer alpha-numeric string, use that as the DOI. The Purdue OWL maintains examples of citations using both DOI styles.

Because online materials can potentially change URLs, APA recommends providing a Digital Object Identifier (DOI), when it is available, as opposed to the URL. DOIs are an attempt to provide stable, long-lasting links for online articles. They are unique to their documents and consist of a long alphanumeric code. Many-but not all-publishers will provide an article's DOI on the first page of the document.

Note that some online bibliographies provide an article's DOI but may "hide" the code under a button which may read "Article" or may be an abbreviation of a vendor's name like "CrossRef" or "PubMed." This button will usually lead the user to the full article which will include the DOI. Find DOI's from print publications or ones that go to dead links with CrossRef.org's "DOI Resolver," which is displayed in a central location on their home page.

- **Article From an Online Periodical with DOI Assigned**

Author, A. A., & Author, B. B. (Date of publication). Title of article. *Title of Journal*, volume number, page range. doi:0000000/000000000000 or <http://doi.org/10.0000/0000>

Brownlie, D. (2007). Toward effective poster presentations: An annotated bibliography. *European Journal of Marketing*, 41, 1245-1283. doi:10.1108/03090560710821161

Wooldridge, M.B., & Shapka, J. (2012). Playing with technology: Mother-toddler interaction scores lower during play with electronic toys. *Journal of Applied Developmental Psychology*, 33(5), 211-218. <http://doi.org/10.1016/j.appdev.2012.05.005>

- **Article From an Online Periodical with no DOI Assigned**

Online scholarly journal articles without a DOI require the URL of the journal home page. Remember that one goal of citations is to provide your readers with enough information to find the article; providing the journal home page aids readers in this process.

Author, A. A., & Author, B. B. (Date of publication). Title of article. *Title of Journal, volume number*. Retrieved from <http://www.journalhomepage.com/full/url/>

Kenneth, I. A. (2000). A Buddhist response to the nature of human rights. *Journal of Buddhist Ethics, 8*. Retrieved from <http://www.cac.psu.edu/jbe/twocont.html>

Article from a Database

Please note: APA states that including database information in citations is not necessary because databases change over time (p. 192). However, the OWL still includes information about databases for those users who need database information.

When referencing a print article obtained from an online database (such as a database in the library), provide appropriate print citation information (formatted just like a "normal" print citation would be for that type of work). By providing this information, you allow people to retrieve the print version if they do not have access to the database from which you retrieved the article. You can also include the item number or accession number or database URL at the end, but the APA manual says that this is not required.

If you are citing a database article that is available in other places, such as a journal or magazine, include the homepage's URL. You may have to do a web search of the article's title, author, etc. to find the URL.

For articles that are easily located, do not provide database information. If the article is difficult to locate, then you can provide database information. Only use retrieval dates if the source could change, such as Wikis. For more about citing articles retrieved from electronic databases, see pages 187-192 of the Publication Manual.

Author, A. A., & Author, B. B. (Date of publication). Title of article. *Title of Journal, volume number, page range*. Retrieved from <http://www.someaddress.com/full/url/>

Smyth, A. M., Parker, A. L., & Pease, D. L. (2002). A study of enjoyment of peas. *Journal of Abnormal Eating, 8*(3), 120-125. Retrieved from <http://www.fakeexamplehomepage.com/full/url/>

Abstract

If you only cite an abstract but the full text of the article is also available, cite the online abstract as any other online citations, adding "[Abstract]" after the article or source name. However, if the full text is not available, you may use an abstract that is available through an abstracts database as a secondary source.

Paterson, P. (2008). How well do young offenders with Asperger Syndrome cope in custody?: Two prison case studies [Abstract]. *British Journal of Learning Disabilities, 36*(1), 54-58.

Hendricks, J., Applebaum, R., & Kunkel, S. (2010). A world apart? Bridging the gap between theory and applied social gerontology. *Gerontologist*, 50(3), 284-293. Abstract retrieved from Abstracts in Social Gerontology database. (Accession No. 50360869)

Newspaper Article

Author, A. A. (Year, Month Day). Title of article. *Title of Newspaper*. Retrieved from <http://www.someaddress.com/full/url/>

Parker-Pope, T. (2008, May 6). Psychiatry handbook linked to drug industry. *The New York Times*. Retrieved from http://well.blogs.nytimes.com/2008/05/06/psychiatry-handbook-linked-to-drug-industry/?_r=0

Electronic Books

Electronic books may include books found on personal websites, databases, or even in audio form. Use the following format if the book you are using is *only* provided in a digital format or is difficult to find in print. If the work is not directly available online or must be purchased, use "Available from," rather than "Retrieved from," and point readers to where they can find it. For books available in print form and electronic form, include the publish date in parentheses after the author's name. For references to e-book editions, be sure to include the type and version of e-book you are referencing (e.g., "[Kindle DX version]"). If DOIs are available, provide them at the end of the reference.

De Huff, E. W. (n.d.). *Taytay's tales: Traditional Pueblo Indian tales*. Retrieved from <http://digital.library.upenn.edu/women/dehuff/taytay/taytay.html>

Davis, J. (n.d.). *Familiar birdsongs of the Northwest*. Available from <http://www.powells.com/cgi-bin/biblio?inkey=1-9780931686108-0>

Kindle Books

To cite Kindle (or other e-book formats) you must include the following information: The author, date of publication, title, e-book version, and either the Digital Object Identifier (DOI) number, or the place where you downloaded the book. Please note that the DOI/place of download is used in-place of publisher information.

Stoker, B. (1897). *Dracula* [Kindle DX version]. Retrieved from Amazon.com

Chapter/Section of a Web Document or Online Book Chapter

Author, A. A., & Author, B. B. (Date of publication). Title of article. In *Title of book or larger document* (chapter or section number). Retrieved from <http://www.someaddress.com/full/url/>

Engelshcall, R. S. (1997). Module mod_rewrite: URL Rewriting Engine. In *Apache HTTP Server version 1.3 documentation* (Apache modules). Retrieved from http://httpd.apache.org/docs/1.3/mod/mod_rewrite.html

Peckinpugh, J. (2003). Change in the Nineties. In J. S. Bough and G. B. DuBois (Eds.), *A century of growth in America*. Retrieved from GoldStar database.

NOTE: Use a chapter or section identifier and provide a URL that links directly to the chapter section, not the home page of the Web site.

Online Book Reviews

Cite the information as you normally would for the work you are quoting. (The first example below is from a newspaper article; the second is from a scholarly journal.) In brackets, write "Review of the book" and give the title of the reviewed work. Provide the web address after the words "Retrieved from," if the review is freely available to anyone. If the review comes from a subscription service or database, write "Available from" and provide the information where the review can be purchased.

Zacharek, S. (2008, April 27). Natural women [Review of the book *Girls like us*]. *The New York Times*. Retrieved from <http://www.nytimes.com/2008/04/27/books/review/Zacharek-t.html?pagewanted=2>

Castle, G. (2007). New millennial Joyce [Review of the books *Twenty-first Joyce*, *Joyce's critics: Transitions in reading and culture*, and *Joyce's messianism: Dante, negative existence, and the messianic self*]. *Modern Fiction Studies*, 50(1), 163-173. Available from Project MUSE Web site: http://muse.jhu.edu/journals/modern_fiction_studies/toc/mfs52.1.html

Dissertation/Thesis from a Database

Biswas, S. (2008). *Dopamine D3 receptor: A neuroprotective treatment target in Parkinson's disease*. Retrieved from ProQuest Digital Dissertations. (AAT 3295214)

Online Encyclopedias and Dictionaries

Often encyclopedias and dictionaries do not provide bylines (authors' names). When no byline is present, move the entry name to the front of the citation. Provide publication dates if present or specify (n.d.) if no date is present in the entry.

Feminism. (n.d.). In *Encyclopædia Britannica online*. Retrieved from <http://www.britannica.com/EBchecked/topic/724633/feminism>

Online Bibliographies and Annotated Bibliographies

Jürgens, R. (2005). *HIV/AIDS and HCV in Prisons: A Select Annotated Bibliography*. Retrieved from http://www.hc-sc.gc.ca/ahc-asc/alt_formats/hpb-dgps/pdf/intactiv/hiv-vih-aids-sida-prison-carceral_e.pdf

Data Sets

Point readers to raw data by providing a Web address (use "Retrieved from") or a general place that houses data sets on the site (use "Available from").

United States Department of Housing and Urban Development. (2008). *Indiana income limits*[Data file]. Retrieved from http://www.huduser.org/Datasets/IL/IL08/in_fy2008.pdf

Graphic Data (e.g. Interactive Maps and Other Graphic Representations of Data)

Give the name of the researching organization followed by the date. In brackets, provide a brief explanation of what type of data is there and in what form it appears. Finally, provide the project name and retrieval information.

Solar Radiation and Climate Experiment. (2007). [Graph illustration the SORCE Spectral Plot May 8, 2008]. *Solar Spectral Data Access from the SIM, SOLSTICE, and XPS Instruments*. Retrieved from http://lasp.colorado.edu/cgi-bin/ion-p?page=input_data_for_spectra.ion

Qualitative Data and Online Interviews

If an interview is not retrievable in audio or print form, cite the interview only in the text (not in the reference list) and provide the month, day, and year in the text. If an audio file or transcript is available online, use the following model, specifying the medium in brackets (e.g. [Interview transcript, Interview audio file]):

Butler, C. (Interviewer) & Stevenson, R. (Interviewee). (1999). *Oral History 2* [Interview transcript]. Retrieved from Johnson Space Center Oral Histories Project Web site: http://www11.jsc.nasa.gov/history/oral_histories/oral_histories.htm

Online Lecture Notes and Presentation Slides

When citing online lecture notes, be sure to provide the file format in brackets after the lecture title (e.g. PowerPoint slides, Word document).

Hallam, A. *Duality in consumer theory* [PDF document]. Retrieved from Lecture Notes Online Web site: <http://www.econ.iastate.edu/classes/econ501/Hallam/index.html>

Roberts, K. F. (1998). *Federal regulations of chemicals in the environment* [PowerPoint slides]. Retrieved from <http://siri.uvm.edu/ppt/40hrenv/index.html>

Nonperiodical Web Document or Report

List as much of the following information as possible (you sometimes have to hunt around to find the informations; don't be lazy. If there is a page like <http://www.somesite.com/somepage.htm>, and [somepage.htm](http://www.somesite.com/somepage.htm) doesn't have the information you're looking for, move up the URL to <http://www.somesite.com/>):

Author, A. A., & Author, B. B. (Date of publication). *Title of document*. Retrieved from <http://Web address>

Angeli, E., Wagner, J., Lawrick, E., Moore, K., Anderson, M., Soderland, L., & Brizee, A. (2010, May 5). *General format*. Retrieved from <http://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/560/01/>

NOTE: When an Internet document is more than one Web page, provide a URL that links to the home page or entry page for the document. Also, if there isn't a date available for the document use (n.d.) for no date.

To cite a *YouTube* video, the APA recommends following the above format.

Computer Software/Downloaded Software

Do not cite standard office software (e.g. Word, Excel) or programming languages. Provide references only for specialized software.

Ludwig, T. (2002). *PsychInquiry* [computer software]. New York: Worth.

Software that is downloaded from a Web site should provide the software's version and year when available.

Hayes, B., Tesar, B., & Zuraw, K. (2003). *OTSoft: Optimality Theory Software (Version 2.1)* [Software]. Available from <http://www.linguistics.ucla.edu/people/hayes/otsoft/>

E-mail

E-mails are not included in the list of references, though you parenthetically cite them in your main text: (E. Robbins, personal communication, January 4, 2001).

Online Forum or Discussion Board Posting

Include the title of the message, and the URL of the newsgroup or discussion board. Please note that titles for items in online communities (e.g. blogs, newsgroups, forums) are not italicized. If the author's name is not available, provide the screen name. Place identifiers like post or message numbers, if available, in brackets. If available, provide the URL where the message is archived (e.g. "Message posted to..., archived at...").

Frook, B. D. (1999, July 23). *New inventions in the cyberworld of toylandia* [Msg 25]. Message posted to <http://groups.earthlink.com/forum/messages/00025.html>

Blog (Weblog) and Video Blog Post

Include the title of the message and the URL. Please note that titles for items in online communities (e.g. blogs, newsgroups, forums) are not italicized. If the author's name is not available, provide the screen name.

J Dean. (2008, May 7). When the self emerges: Is that me in the mirror? [Web log comment]. Retrieved from <http://www.spring.org.uk/the1sttransport>

Psychology Video Blog #3 [Video file]. Retrieved from <http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=lqM90eQi5-M>

Wikis

Please note that the *APA Style Guide to Electronic References* warns writers that wikis (like Wikipedia, for example) are collaborative projects that cannot guarantee the verifiability or expertise of their entries.

OLPC Peru/Arahuay. (n.d.). Retrieved April 29, 2011 from the OLPC Wiki: http://wiki.laptop.org/go/OLPC_Peru/Arahuay

Audio Podcast

For all podcasts, provide as much information as possible; not all of the following information will be available. Possible addition identifiers may include Producer, Director, etc.

Bell, T., & Phillips, T. (2008, May 6). A solar flare. *Science @ NASA Podcast*. Podcast retrieved from <http://science.nasa.gov/podcast.htm>

Video Podcasts

For all podcasts, provide as much information as possible; not all of the following information will be available. Possible addition identifiers may include Producer, Director, etc.

Scott, D. (Producer). (2007, January 5). The community college classroom [Episode 7]. *Adventures in Education*. Podcast retrieved from <http://www.adveeducation.com>

5.5. Other non-print sources

Interviews, Email, and Other Personal Communication

No personal communication is included in your reference list; instead, parenthetically cite the communicator's name, the phrase "personal communication," and the date of the communication in your main text only.

(E. Robbins, personal communication, January 4, 2001).

A. P. Smith also claimed that many of her students had difficulties with APA style (personal communication, November 3, 2002).

Motion Picture

Basic reference list format:

Producer, P. P. (Producer), & Director, D. D. (Director). (Date of publication). *Title of motion picture* [Motion picture]. Country of origin: Studio or distributor.

Note: If a movie or video tape is not available in wide distribution, add the following to your citation after the country of origin: (Available from Distributor name, full address and zip code).

A Motion Picture or Video Tape with International or National Availability

Smith, J. D. (Producer), & Smithee, A. F. (Director). (2001). *Really big disaster movie* [Motion picture]. United States: Paramount Pictures.

A Motion Picture or Video Tape with Limited Availability

Harris, M. (Producer), & Turley, M. J. (Director). (2002). *Writing labs: A history* [Motion picture]. (Available from Purdue University Pictures, 500 Oval Drive, West Lafayette, IN 47907)

Television Broadcast or Series Episode

Writer, W. W. (Writer), & Director, D. D. (Director). (Date of broadcast or copyright). Title of broadcast [*Television broadcast or Television series*]. In P. Producer (Producer). City, state of origin: Studio or distributor.

Single Episode of a Television Series

Writer, W. W. (Writer), & Director, D. D. (Director). (Date of publication). Title of episode [Television series episode]. In P. Producer (Producer), *Series title*. City, state of origin: Studio or distributor.

Wendy, S. W. (Writer), & Martian, I. R. (Director). (1986). The rising angel and the falling ape [Television series episode]. In D. Dude (Producer), *Creatures and monsters*. Los Angeles, CA: Belarus Studios.

Television Broadcast

Important, I. M. (Producer). (1990, November 1). *The nightly news hour* [Television broadcast]. New York, NY: Central Broadcasting Service.

A Television Series

Bellisario, D. L. (Producer). (1992). *Exciting action show* [Television series]. Hollywood, CA: American Broadcasting Company.

Music Recording

Songwriter, W. W. (Date of copyright). Title of song [Recorded by artist if different from song writer]. On *Title of album* [Medium of recording]. Location: Label. (Recording date if different from copyright date).

Taupin, B. (1975). Someone saved my life tonight [Recorded by Elton John]. On *Captain fantastic and the brown dirt cowboy* [CD]. London, England: Big Pig Music Limited